## CLAIMS

- 1. The use of an inhibitor of  $11\beta$ -reductase in the manufacture of a medicament for the control of 11-keto steroid conversion to  $11\beta$ -hydroxysteroid in vivo.
- 5 2. The use according to claim 1, for the control of cortisone conversion into cortisol in humans.
  - 3. The use according to claim 2, for lowering hepatic cortisol concentration.
- 4. The use according to claim 3, for inhibiting 10 hepatic gluconeogenesis.
  - 5. The use according to claim 2. for lowering intracellular cortisol concentration.
  - 6. The use according to claim 5, for increasing insulin sensitivity in adipose tissue.
- 7. The use according to claim 5, for increasing insulin sensitivity in muscle.
- 8. The use according to claim 5, for the prevention or reduction of neuronal dysfunction or loss/cognitive impairment due to glucocorticoid potentiated neurotoxicity 20 or neural dysfunction or damage.
  - 9. The use of an inhibitor of  $11\beta$  -reductase in the manufacture of a medicament for producing multiple therapeutic effects in a patient to whom the medicament is administered, said therapeutic effects including an
- 25 inhibition of hepatic gluconeogenesis, an increase in insulin sensitivity in adipose tissue and muscle, and the prevention of or a reduction in neuronal dysfunction, damage or loss due to glucocorticoid potentiated neurotoxicity.

- 10. The use according to any preceding claim, for the treatment of diabetes mellitus, impaired glucose tolerance, or glucocorticoid associated cognitive or affective disorder.
- 11. The use according to any preceding claim, in which the  $11\beta$ -reductase inhibitor is carbonoxolone  $(3\beta$ -(3-carboxypropionyloxy)-11-oxo-olean-2-en 30-oic acid), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- A method of treatment of a human or animal patient from a condition selected from 10 suffering consisting of: hepatic insulin resistance, adipose tissue muscle tissue insulin resistance, insulin resistance, glucocorticoid potentiated loss due to neuronal . neurotoxicity, and any combination of the aforementioned 15 conditions, the method comprising the step of administering to said patient a medicament comprising a pharmaceutically active amount of an inhibitor of  $11\beta$ -reductase.
- 13. A method according to claim 12, wherein said inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 20 carbenoxolone (3 $\beta$ -(3-carboxypropionyloxy)-11-oxo-olean-2-en 30-oic acid), and pharmaceutically acceptable salts of carbenoxolone.